

Minimoog Voyager Editor/Librarian User Guide

Macintosh Edition V2.0



Moog Music Inc. 2004-E Riverside Dr. Asheville NC 28804

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1 INTRODUCTION

Thank you for choosing the Minimoog Voyager Editor/Librarian! The Editor/Librarian is designed to be the ultimate tool for organizing and creating presets for the Minimoog Voyager or RME. Through a MIDI connection, this program can receive single presets or an entire bank of presets from the Voyager or RME - as well as replace individual presets or an entire bank. Once the presets are transmitted to the Editor/Librarian, all preset parameters can be displayed in a graphical user interface, including edit functions like Pot Mapping, Touch Surface Destinations and Filter Poles. The settings of the front panel controls can be displayed with high resolution (16-bit), to allow super-precise sound editing. The program can also be used to learn the inner details of the factory presets. Using the Librarian, presets can be organized to create custom preset banks – a terrific feature for musicians preparing for their next gig! In addition, a Preset Genetics function is available to create new presets by morphing or mutating two presets together. You can also play the Voyager remotely from the Macintosh keyboard, an especially handy feature for owners of the RME. A Voyager OS update function is incorporated, too, simplifying Voyager OS updates.

The Editor/Librarian software will operate with or without the Voyager V3 upgrade hardware (expanded memory option).

We hope you enjoy using the Minimoog Voyager Editor Librarian!

- The Voyager Editor Librarian development team

1.1 Credits

Software Development: Soundtower Software, Windsor, Ontario, Canada. MIDI Implementation: Lintronics, Wilhermsdorf, Germany User Guide: GregAE

1.2 Support

Support for this product is available at: www.soundtower.com/moog/help. Additional support is provided online in the Moog Voyager forums at: www.moogmusic.com.

1.3 Program Features

Features of the Minimoog Voyager Editor/Librarian includes:

- Support for seven sound banks of 128 presets
- Editing all Voyager parameters from a single interface window
- Panel change sensing
- · Random patch generation morphing, mixing and mutating from one sound to another
- Preset Bank Management and Librarian functions, with support for the Voyager's 'Sound Category' feature.
- User selectable 16-bit or 8-bit parameter editing resolution
- Auditioning Voyager sounds remotely from the Macintosh keyboard
- All six Voyager preset factory banks (SE, AE, RME, EB, TWolf and Zon Vern Pyles)

File Options:

- Unlimited Voyager bank data load and save
- Support for Voyager Operating System update installation

Edit Functions:

• Full editing functions available (Copy, Paste, Rename, Initialize and Write presets or banks)

MIDI Functions:

- MIDI Setup on channels 1-16
- Transmit/Receive Voyager Preset Banks
- Receive individual Voyager Presets

Bank Functions:

- Permits loading/saving complete Voyager banks
- Presets can easily moved between banks for quick organization
- A new Single Parameter Adjustment feature permits adjustment of a single parameter for one preset, a group of presets, or entire an entire bank
- Presets can be copied from the Bank to any Librarian category (32 available) and vice versa. Libraries can hold an unlimited numbers of Voyager presets.
- Enhanced User Bank and Librarian selection options allow presets to be easily moved/manipulated.

Genetics Function:

- Offers four ways of generating a new bank of presets from two "parent" presets selected from any bank:
 - Mix randomly mix parent parameters
 - Morph blend from one preset to the next
 - Mutate randomly mix from range between parent parameters
 - Random random preset generation
- Different preset parameters can be excluded, for more predictable results
- Auto Audition feature allows instant audition of selected "Offspring" presets
- Single Parameter Adjustment feature allows one preset parameter to be changed for an entire bank of presets

NanoM Wizard:

- A morphing tool for selected parameter groups (LFO, Mod Busses, Oscillators, Mixer, Filters, Envelopes
- A set of "Morpher" controls permits morphing from one preset into another

2 INSTALLATION/REQUIREMENTS

No special software installation is required. The Minimoog Voyager Editor Librarian is a standalone program designed to run on Macintosh computers under OSX only (an OS9 version is not available).

The software requires a 1024 x 768 minimum screen resolution.

The Minimoog Voyager Operating System must be V3.2 or higher (updates available at www.moogmusic.com)

A MIDI interface is required for the software to work with the Minimoog Voyager.

A wheeled, two-button mouse is recommended for additional control of the program.

2.1 Before you begin

To get the most out of this program you should be familiar with the operation of the Minimoog Voyager. The Voyager User's Manual is an excellent resource to aid in the understanding of the inner workings of your Voyager. It is recommended reading for all Voyager owners. Although this software program can be an invaluable resource to aid in the understanding the Voyager, it is not a substitute for reading the Voyager User's Manual.

3 STARTING UP

Double clicking on the Moog Voyager program icon launches the Minimoog Voyager Editor Librarian program. The program will ask for your name and registration number as shown.

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人民民民	For information about R check order txt or help-	about in Moog Voyager	Tr. 2		322
	SoundEditor's menu.	and a second sec	12	2 3-2	1946 - I
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Your Name:		77. J.		
9 2 9 2					1007
100 AT 100 AT	Registration Code N	lo.:	0.10		- Q:
			- T		
	(Enter Code)	(Dama Mada	1 2	<u>e xe</u>	
- • • • • I	Enter Code	Demo Mode			O
	REGISTE	R ON LINE		•	
	(- (h	ALC: NO.	0
Developed by SoundTower	Survivare	NOT REG	stere	d	
MIDI Implementation by Li	Version 1.5.0		06 Q. Ma	og Musi	c

To register the software, click the Register Online button (you'll need an active Internet connection for this). Clicking the Register Online button will take you to the Moog Music Online Store, where you can order the program. After completing the online transaction, the Registration code will be sent to your email address.

Once you have obtained a registration code, enter this information along with your name in the appropriate fields and click the Enter Code button. Registered users will see their name displayed on a slightly modified splash screen that includes "This software is registered to (your name)".

Note: In case of lost registration, a hard drive crash or other calamity, registered users can obtain their registration information by writing to info@moogmusic.com or moog@soundtower.com.

If you click on the Demo Mode button, the program will open and allow you to edit all of the Voyagers' preset parameters and use most of Editor's functions, with the following limitations:

- Saving files (disabled)
- Loading files (disabled) with exception of SysEx (System Exclusive) files in OS UPDATE utility.
- Writing presets to the Voyager (disabled)
- Transmitting the User Bank (disabled)
- Sending up to 5 panel edits from the Library and Preset Genetics to the Voyager
- The editing session is time-limited.

There is no limit to the number of times the program can be run in Demo Mode.

4 GETTING CONNECTED - MIDI SETUP

In order for the Editor/Librarian program to be fully functional with the Voyager hardware, the software must be registered (not in Demo Mode) and the Voyager must be connected to the MIDI In and MIDI Out connections of your computer's MIDI interface.

After making the proper connections between the Voyager and the MIDI interface, launch the Editor/Librarian. In the program's MIDI menu, select **MIDI Setup**. You'll see the following window (your window may show different MIDI IN Port and MIDI OUT Port information):

0 0	Midi Setup	
Delta Audionhile 2	Midi IN Port 496:Delta Audiophile 2496:Port 1	Midi Channel:
USB MIDI:Port 1		Piano Note Velocity:
Delta Audiophile 2 USB MIDI:Port 1	Midi OUT Port 496:Delta Audiophile 2496:Port 1	100
Midi System:		
1. Some Midi Inte	rfaces require connections made in Utilities/AudioMid	diStup
2. Make sure MAS 3. When requesting	TER setting Midi IN/OUT and Receive Presets- is SYSE ng and receiving data from Voyager, make sure the sy	EX enabled. mth is NOT in the MASTER edit mode

You will need to select the MIDI interface where your Voyager or RME is connected. Choose the correct MIDI In and MIDI Out ports from the list, and set the MIDI channel to match the MIDI channel on your Voyager. Adjust the Piano Note Velocity slider control if desired (this sets the MIDI Note Velocity value that the program will use to audition presets. The default setting is 100, but you can adjust it from 0-127).

On the Voyager, make sure that MIDI In and MIDI Out is turned ON, SysEx is ENABLED, and MIDI Program Change is turned ON ("Select Presets").

Note: You may also need to make additional configurations using Apple's Audio MIDI Setup Utility. For more information, see Appendix A – OSX Audio MIDI Setup Procedure.

5 PROGRAM ORGANIZATION

The Minimoog Voyager Editor Librarian program is organized as shown below. The main window is always displayed when the program is launched and becomes the starting point for all preset modifications and bank operations.



6 PROGRAM WINDOWS - THE VOYAGER EDITOR WINDOW

The Voyager Editor is the main program window, and is always displayed when the program is launched. This window contains three program components: the User Bank (1), the Voyager Panel (2), and the Librarian (3). The three program components interact and are always active. A detailed description of each program component follows.

Note: When the program is run for the first time, the User Bank defaults to the Default Program for all of the program's presets in all banks. When you quit the program, the state of all banks is stored with the program. These banks appear when the program is run again.

000			Voyager Ed	ditor				ĥ,
Load Save Transmit Re	Kelve Edit		-	· · · ·		-		
Use loaded data 💽 Drap and Drop			8 6 6			Trank I		
Auto Dump Multi Select								
USER BANK: A B C D	E F G		5 5 1				··· ?= ? ? ?	
No. Preset	Category		- mm -	T. 57 5				
D-001 l'm Ba-aack!!	Motion .		6 9 9 -	U 🕹 1		121		
D-002 Chilly Lead	Rarmonics Soft Land				-	_ (4)		
D-004 Robo Vox	Vox		5 - 5 - 5 - 1					
D-005 Growing Lead	Evolution							
D-005 X-tra low Bass	Sub Bass		Library (Not Assig	ned)	- 8	 Add 	Current Panel) (New) (Load) (Save)	
D-007 Melow Hammer	Soft Lead		Piano		1)	No	Pinal	
D-009 Brain Salad Buzz	Harmonics		Organs		(31)	1001	Tweezy Grunge	
D-010 Gurglet	Moton		Sings		(3)	002	Glide Lead	
D-011 Cycler mod (wheel up)	Moton		Pads		20	003	Man Child Lead	
D-012 Wetness (wheel up)	Noise		Soft Lead		30	004	Purple Jude	
D-015 Animated (Lise wheel)	Moton		Bright Lead		7)	005	Square Gilder	
D-015 Tymnanic membrane	Nes Leau Percussion	,	Res Lead	0	14)	007	Duka it Out Lead	
D-016 Kinda saxy	Motion		Sync	1	(7)	008	Crinkly lead	
D-017 Analog Daze	Classic		Brass		1)	009	Dynamic Juzz	
D-018 Heartbeat	Sound FX		Horn		2)	2 \ 010	Bright and Rezzy	
D-019 Electric Room	Harmonics		Evolution		. (•)	Future Lead	
D-021 Wheel East	Res Rass	D	Motion		161	013	One Pole Lead	
D-022 Vowel Bass (wheel up)	Vox	r 1	Interval		(6)	014	WowowoWheel	
D-023 Slippery Lead	Bright Lead		Synth		(4)			
D-024 Classic Ripper	Model D		Vax		(2)			
D-025 Toad Bass	Res Bass		Rells		1)			
D=025 VEIDORY Bass D=027 Veizwave Rass	Soft Bass		Sequence		(1)			
D-028 Funny Vox	Vox		Percussion		(9)			
D-029 Minor Glider	Interval		Model D		(1)			
D-030 Prog Lead	Model D	6	Generic		20			
D-031 Forever Lead	Sync		Harmonics		(1)			
D-033 Panning Throbber	Moton		Ring		(4)			
D-034 Zappy Bass	Res Bass		Noise		1)			
D-035 Classic Sweeper	Model D		Soft Bass		(3)			
man			Bright Bass		(#)			
1 BUU			Res Bass		(7)			
Complete C. Moon Music 2005			Sound FX		(4)			
copyingine or, stoog watsite 2006			Jound FA		31			
		_		_	_	_		100

6.1 USER BANK

The User Bank is where you load, save, transmit, receive, and edit Voyager presets. Preset banks are loaded into the program either from the Voyager, from a stored bank, or from one of the six preset factory banks built into the program. The Editor/Librarian has seven banks, labeled A-G, corresponding to the seven preset memory banks in an expanded Voyager. Presets in the User Bank be selected individually, as a group, or randomly (non-adjacent), to allow for convenient rearrangement and reorganization.

Note: The Editor/Librarian program can also be used with a stock (unmodified) Voyager, allowing you to access 896 presets at one time even without the expanded memory!

6.1.1 Navigation in the User Bank

The User Bank preset list has room to display only about a third of the presets at one time, so a scrolling window is used to view all 128 presets. If you have a mouse with a scroll wheel, you can use the wheel to scroll through the preset list. Simply move the cursor anywhere onto the list and use the wheel to scroll up and down. If your mouse doesn't have a scroll wheel, use the scroll bar or scroll arrows.

000)								
Load	Load Save Transmit Receive Edit								
🗹 Use k	Vise loaded data Orag and Drop								
Auto	Dump	O Multi Sele	ect						
USER BA	NK: A	BC	DEFG						
No.		Preset	Category						
D-001	I'm B	la-aack!!	Motion 🔺						
D-002	Chiffy	Lead	Harmonics						
D-003	Brassy	Lead	Soft Lead						
D-004	Robo	Vox	Vox						
D-005	Growing	Lead	Evolution						
D-006	X-tra low	Bass	Sub Bass						
D-007	Mellow	Hammer	Soft Lead						
D-008	Hollow	Bass	Bright Bass						
D-009	Brain Sala	d Buzz	Harmonics						
D-010	Curalet		Motion						

You can also use the Macintosh keyboard to navigate the list, but <u>you must select a preset in the list first</u>. The reason is that there are actually two preset lists on the Editor window; one for the User Bank (as shown above) and one for the Librarian. Without your input the program has no idea which of the two lists you wish to control.

You can use the following keyboard keys to navigate the list:

- Pressing the PAGE UP or PAGE DOWN keys scrolls the list in blocks of presets.
- The UP and DOWN keys will scroll one preset at a time, up or down respectively.
- Pressing the END key moves to the end of the list, while the HOME key returns to the beginning of the list.

You can change the way the presets in the User Bank are displayed. By default, presets are displayed from 1 to 128, but you can change the order by clicking in the '**No.'** column in the User Preset Bank list. This will reverse the sorting order, placing preset 128 at the top of the list:

No.	Preset	Category	
D-128 Wir	idy night	Noise	T
D-127 Bas	s for E. Vonallen	Res Bass	Π
D-126 Syn	ergistic	Strings	
D-125 Far	Ifare	Horn	
D-124 Lar	ge fifths	Interval	
D-123 Rid	in' the storm out	Noise	
D-122 Co:	smic chatter	Sound FX	
D-121 Tin	y flute	Instruments	
D-120 Not	small	Bright Bass	
D-119 Har	rpsinotes	Clav	ľ
D-118 Wh	at the	Sound EV	11

A second click in the 'No.' column toggles the sort order back to its original state.

You can also sort by preset name or preset category. Clicking in the **Preset** column causes the User Preset Bank to be sorted alphabetically:

No.	Preset	Category	
D-062	"B" drone jam	Motion	
D-083	Aleatoric	Sound FX	I
D-102	Alien Metal	Ring	
D-108	Alley Cat	Sound FX	
D-017	Analog Daze	Classic	
D-013	Animated (use wheel)	Motion	
D-091	Anne Boleyn Bass	Model D	
D-092	Anne Boleyn Lead	Model D	
D-104	Bass Phenomena	Res Bass	
D = 127	Rass for E Vonallen	Rec Bass	

Clicking again in the **Preset** column reverses the sort order.

Clicking in the **Category** column causes the User Preset Bank to be sorted alphabetically by category:

JSEK BA	INK:	000)
No.		Preset	Category A	
D-088	Fuzzy	Lead	Bright Lead	4
D-093	Raw &	melodic	Bright Lead	r
D-114	Hollow	Fuzzytone	Bright Lead	L
D-017	Analog	Daze	Classic	L
D-058	Going	Baroque	Classic	h
D-119	Harpsinot	es	Clav	
D-111	Sweet	Thing	Evolution	
D-106	Dramatic	Entrance	Evolution	
D-068	Other	life	Evolution	

Clicking again in the Category column reverses the sort order.

Note: When sorting by Preset or Category, you'll see a directional arrow in the column heading. This arrow indicates the sort order (an 'up' arrow indicates an alphabetical sort, a 'down' arrow indicates a reverse alphabetical sort). Selecting any preset, regardless of the sort order (number, name or category), will always send the displayed Preset to the Voyager.

Note: Preset Bank Lists in the Librarian or Preset Genetics windows can also be sorted forward or reverse by clicking in their column headers.

6.1.2 Working with Banks

Buttons for **Load**, **Save**, **Receive**, and **Transmit** appear above the User Preset Bank display to provide for frequently used bank operations (we'll discuss other buttons later). The **Load** and **Save** buttons allow you to conveniently load or save banks from/to the computer. The **Receive** and **Transmit** buttons allow banks to be moved to/from the Voyager. These four button functions duplicate commands found in the menus.



When you click on the **Load** button you will be presented with a load dialog box similar to the one shown below. The actual view you see will be dependent on your Macintosh View settings, but the idea here is that you'll have to navigate to where the Voyager bank files are stored on your system. Since these files can reside anywhere you chose when you save them, it's a good idea to create a special folder or a specific location to store them. This will make it easier to find your stored banks (and library files) when you're ready to load them back into the program.

	Load Voyage	r Data
	📁 Voyager Banks	•
Network Network Super Colossus Colossus X Colossus 9 Colosus 9 Colossus 9 Colossus 9 Colossus 9 Colossus	Desktop Stuff ▷ C Soundtower ▷ Voyager Banks ▷	Ay Patches.mvr
New Folder	4) (Cancel Open

In the figure above we created a folder called **Voyager Banks** located on the **Macintosh Desktop**, and used it to store some example bank files. Note that program bank files have the extension '.mvr'. When loading a bank file, the Editor Librarian program will allow you to see all file types, but only those files with an '.mvr' extension can be loaded as a bank. All others will be ignored.

The **Save** button allows you to save the current bank. Upon clicking **Save**, you'll be presented with a dialog box similar to this one:

	Save Voyager Dat	a
Save As:	Other Voyager Presets	
Where:	Desktop	•
		Cancel Save

Enter a suitable file name for your preset bank in the "Save As:" name field. Clicking on the **Save** button here will save the file to the location you specify and append '.mvr' to the file name.

You can select a different storage location by clicking on the blue down arrow button to the right of the "Save As:" name field. This will result in an enlarged window that will allow you to navigate to any location for storage. In the example below, we've navigated to the 'Voyager Banks' folder on the Macintosh Desktop (depending on your Macintosh systems settings, your view may look somewhat different):

Save Voyager Data					
Save As:	Other Voyager Presets				
	🗇 Voyager Banks	•			
 Network Super Colossus Colossus X Desktop Applications Documents Movies Music 	 DropZip alias My Desktop Stuff Voyager Banks 	Custom Patches.mvr			
Hide extension	New Folder	Cancel Save			

Clicking the **Save** button in this window will add the '.mvr' extension to the file name and store the bank into the Voyager Banks folder.

To receive a bank from the Voyager, click the **Receive** button (you can also select "Receive User Bank" from the MIDI menu). The receive bank window appears. Clicking on the **Start** button will initiate the transfer from the Voyager's current bank to the Editor's current bank. If for some reason your MIDI interface cannot keep up with fast MIDI messages, you can adjust the timing by adding a delay in milliseconds using the scrolling adjustment:

Receiving l	Jser Bank Prese	t: 015 Tympanic membrane
40 mS)4 ►	Cancel Start
Organ	<	No.

To transmit the User Bank from the Editor to the Voyager, click the **Transmit** button (or select "Transmit User Bank" from the MIDI menu). The transmit window appears. Clicking the **Start** button will transmit the contents of the current User Bank to the Voyager's current bank. As with the Receive function, if for some reason your MIDI interface cannot keep up with fast MIDI messages, you can adjust the timing by adding a delay in milliseconds with the scrolling adjustment:



The transmitted data will be written into the current Voyager bank, overriding the existing presets.

Note: Although the Editor supports all seven Voyager banks, only one bank (the current bank) can be transmitted or received at a time.

6.1.3 Other User Bank Functions

Now let's look at the other User Bank button functions that haven't been covered.

	I'm	Ba-aack!!	Motion	
No.		Preset	Category	
USER BA	NK: A) B C	DEF	G
Auto	Dump	O Multi Sele	ct	
🗹 Use lo	aded data	a 💿 Drag and I	Drop	
Load) (Save	e) (Transmit	Receive Edit)
000)			

The **Edit** button takes you to the Editor window, where you can edit the currently selected preset. A complete explanation of the Editor window is saved for later in this guide (see page 28).

The **Use loaded data** checkbox is a feature that changes the way the program works with the Voyager. When the box is unchecked (disabled), selecting a preset from the User Bank switches the Voyager to the corresponding preset. The Voyager sends the preset to the User Bank. This guaranties synchronization between the Voyager and the program. When the checkbox is checked (enabled), the selected preset data from the User Bank is sent to Voyager's edit buffer for editing and audition. This feature helps you to browse through presets in the User Bank without the need for dumping the entire bank to the Voyager.

The **Auto Dump** checkbox works for the Librarian. When checked (enabled), a selected preset from the Librarian preset list is automatically sent to the Voyager's edit buffer for editing/audition. When unchecked, no data is sent to the Voyager.

The **Drag and Drop** and **Multi Select** radio buttons control the way the cursor operates:

- Drag and Drop mode is conventional cursor operation, allowing you to freely drag and drop presets between the current User Bank and the Librarian. You can add the SHIFT and COMMAND (%) modifier keys to make multiple preset selections. These can be groups of presets, non-adjacent selections, or a combination of both.
- Multi Select mode locks the cursor into 'Select' mode, allowing you to select groups of presets. This
 mode can be useful for large amounts of group moves because it restricts the operation of the cursor to
 just making selections, preventing accidental dragging of presets out of the User Bank or Librarian. In
 Multi Select mode, presets are moved between the User Bank and Librarian using the large Move
 arrows (see 6.1.5 Organizing Presets).

Finally, User Bank buttons **A-G** allow you to switch amongst the seven program banks. Keep in mind that the bank buttons interact with the 'Use loaded data' checkbox, meaning that the Editor will either switch to the Voyager bank/location and acquire the preset data from the Voyager (when 'Use loaded data' is unchecked), or send the selected preset data to the Voyager's current preset (when 'Use loaded data' is checked).

6.1.4 The Bank Menu

The Bank menu shown below includes the Load User Bank Data and Save User Bank Data As commands that duplicate the functions of the Load and Save buttons. It also includes commands to generate a New Bank (creates a bank of 128 default presets), load one of the Voyager factory banks (Moog Banks) and commands to Copy, Paste, Rename and Initialize selected presets in the User Bank. A Single Parameter Adjustment command is also available here, allowing you to adjust a single parameter without opening the Editor. These commands work on the currently selected User Bank.

lank	Librarian	Midi	Options	Н
Load	User Bank	Data	μ	Г
Save	User Bank	Data As	₩S	L
New	Bank			
Moo	g Banks			
Copy	/		жc	L
Paste	2		χv	L
Rena	me		ЖN	
Initia	lize		361	

Selecting **Moog Banks** opens a side menu, displaying the six factory banks: Anniversary Edition, Signature Edition, Twolf25 (Thomas Wolf bank), Zon25 (Zon Vern Piles bank), Electric Blue and RME. To load any one of these, simply select the desired factory bank. The selected bank will overwrite the presets in the current User Preset Bank (A-G).

Bank	Librarian	Midi	Options	Help
Load Save New	User Bank User Bank I Bank	Data Data As	ЖL ЖS	
Moog	g Banks		•	Anniversary Edition
Copy Paste Rena Initia	me lize		米C 米V 米N 米I	Signature Edition Twolf 25 Zon 25 Electric Blue RME
Singl	e Paramete	r Adjus	tment	_

Note: You may want to save your current preset bank prior to loading a new preset bank into the same bank location. Failure to do this will cause you to lose all of the Voyager presets in that bank.

Selecting **Rename** from the menu will display a message drawer as shown:



The Rename drawer allows you to change the preset name or the sound category. Clicking in the preset name field allows you to change (or completely replace) the preset name up to a maximum of 24 characters (12 per line). Additional characters beyond 12 per line will be ignored. The TAB key toggles the cursor between the upper and lower text lines.

Note: Besides selecting **Rename** from the Bank menu, you can also bring up the Rename drawer by double-clicking on a preset name in the User Bank (or the Editor).

Clicking on the category label in the Rename drawer produces a drop-down menu of assignable categories. Thirty-two categories are available here, including various leads, basses, and instruments. These categories match the default Librarian categories. To assign a category, simply select one from the list.



Clicking **OK** will store the changes and close the dialog box. Clicking **Cancel** will close the dialog box without any changes.

The **Single Parameter Adjustment** command allows you to alter a single parameter for any preset, group of presets or entire bank. To use this command, first select the preset, group of presets or bank that you wish to affect, then select the **Single Parameter Adjustment** command. A drawer will appear below the main Window title bar:

	Voy	ager Edi	tor
S	ingle Parar	neter /	Adjustment
Selected Change P 032 Filt	Presets: Preset: C-008 Parameter: er Cutoff	: XBASS	ks New value: [140
4	•)+	Change
		e	Cancel OK

Select the desired parameter from the Parameter pull-down menu and use the slider control to set the value. The Parameter menu contains more than one hundred different parameters to choose from, including all 24 characters in the preset name:

_	A	
	025 Osc 3 Wave	Editor
1	026 Filter Spacing	
8.	027 Ext Audio	er Adjustment
	028 Osc 1 level	
	029 Osc 2 level	155 hr
	030 Osc 3 level	ASS KS
9.1	031 Noise level	New value:
	✓ 032 Filter Cutoff	140
	033 Filter Res	
	034 Filter Env Amt	Change
	035 Filter kb Amt	Count OK
	036 Head Phone Amt	Cancel Ok
	037 Filter Attack	
	038 Filter Decay	

After choosing the desired parameter and value, click on **Change** to apply the change, **OK** to quit and close the drawer, or **Cancel** to cancel the function without changes. You can repeat this process multiple times by selecting a new parameter and value, then clicking the **Change** button. This is especially handy for making several 'global' changes to groups of presets. Click **OK** when done.

Note: You must select **Change** in order for the change to be applied. Simply clicking **OK** after selecting a parameter and value <u>will not</u> apply the change to the selected preset(s).

When a change is made using the **Single Parameter Adjustment** feature, the change is only applied to the selected presets in the Editor User Bank – they are not automatically written to the Voyager. For this reason, you should transfer your modified bank to the Voyager after making any parameter changes, or the changes may be lost.

Note: Numerical values in the Single Parameter Adjustment drawer are displayed as 8-bit values (0-255) when the Editor's Parameter Resolution is set to 8-bit resolution. Values are displayed as 16-bit values (0-65535) when the Editor Parameter Resolution is set to 16-bit resolution.

6.1.5 Organizing Presets

Voyager presets can be sorted, reorganized and categorized by moving them from the User Bank to the Librarian. There are several ways of moving presets:

• By dragging a single preset to any Library category. Here we've selected a single preset (B-014 'Outer Limits Clav) and are dragging it into the CLAV category:

8-009 Rude Sync Lead	- Not Assigned -	Strings	-
8-010 Submarine Landscape	Motion	Clav	-
B-011 Any Color Lead	Bright Lead Bright Lead	Pads	
B-013 Bernie's #01Woo-man	Sync	Soft Lead	-
B-014 Outer LimitsClay	- Not Assigned -	Bright Lead	-
B-015 Squeicher	Bells	Res Lead	-

• By selecting a several presets (using the Command key) and dragging the group to any Librarian category. Here we selected three lead sounds and are dragging them into the BRIGHT LEAD category:

8-064 Instability 8-065 Glocken	Motion Res Bass	Soft Lead	
8-066 Bright and Rezzy	- Not Assigned -	Bright Lead	-
8-067 Two Pola Crowler	Bells	Res Lead	-
8-068 Future Lead	- Not Assigned -	Sync	
8-069 Bass Drops	Wax	Brass	
8-070 Plucky Lead	- Not Assigned -	Horn	
8-071 Basswerk	Bells	Instruments	-

 By selecting a group of presets and clicking on the Move arrow button. First we selected our Library category ('Evolution'), then selected a group of presets in the User Bank. Clicking on the Move arrow copies the selected presets into the 'Evolution' Library category:



• By copying a preset from the User Bank and pasting to the Library. You can use the Bank menu or the shortcut Copy and Paste commands. The preset will be pasted into the selected Library category:



• By copying the entire User Bank (all 128 presets) using the Load From User Bank Data command in the Librarian menu:



When you copy a bank this way, you will be asked if you wish to sort the presets according to category before the bank is copied:

Juit bank prese	categories?	ununing norary
Cancel	NO	ОК

If you select **OK**, the presets will be placed in their corresponding categories in the Librarian. If you select **NO**, all presets will be placed into the currently selected (i.e. boldface) category. Selecting **CANCEL** will cancel the command.

Note: Because the User Bank and the Librarian are two different functions in the same window, each has its own separate copy & paste commands. For this reason, if you wish to move presets using copy/paste, you should choose COPY from the Bank menu, and then choose PASTE from the Librarian menu. You can simplify this process using the shortcut commands (refer to the Bank and Librarian menus, or see the shortcut command list at the end of this Guide). Note that when pasting a preset to the Librarian, the preset will be pasted into the currently selected category. That said, the easiest way to move presets between the User Bank and Librarian is either to drag and drop the selected presets or to use the Move arrows.

Tip: If you need to change the order of the presets in the User Bank (for an upcoming gig, for example), simply copy the entire bank into the Library (use the Librarian's 'Load From User Bank Data' command, but don't sort the bank into categories). You can then drag and drop selected presets back into the User Bank as desired.

6.2 VOYAGER PANEL

The Voyager Panel is the second component in the Editor window. The Voyager Panel displays the settings of the Voyager's knobs and switches for the current preset. This is handy to give a visual reference as to how the selected preset is setup on the Voyager. While most of the knobs on the panel have a red dot to indicate their settings, pointer knobs and switches on the display indicate their actual positions. The yellow LCD displays the name of the selected preset:



New in version 2.0, the Voyager Panel is interactive, meaning it will not only respond to parameter changes made from the Voyager, it will send information to the Voyager when a control is changed. Except for the Fine Tune knob, all controls are active and movable. Rocker and rotary switches will change position when clicked, and knobs will respond using a rotary motion with the cursor. When the cursor is placed over a knob with a red dot, the corresponding parameter information is superimposed in the Touch Surface area. The parameters are displayed in both 8-bit and 16-bit versions:



Note: Any edits made using the Voyager Panel must be written to the Voyager in order to be saved.

6.3 LIBRARIAN

The Librarian is the third component in the Editor window. The Librarian lets you store an unlimited number of Voyager presets. You can also have as many library files on your computer as you wish. The Librarian provides 32 sound categories to organize your Voyager sounds and have them available for immediate use. These categories correspond to the 32 sound categories in the Voyager (OS3.2), but any category can be renamed should you need to.

A view of the Librarian function is shown below. Sound categories are displayed on the left along with two large Move buttons, a list of the Voyager presets is on the right, and buttons for library file functions are at the top.

	Library (Not Assigned)	- +	- Add	Current Panel New Load Save
	Piano	(1)		
	Organs	(3)	No.	Panel ¥
	Strings	(3)	001	Glide Lead
	Clav	(2)	002	The Way We Feel
	Pads	(2)	003	Souesker Load
	Soft Lead	(3)	004	Pluckad Whistlar
	▶Bright Lead	(8)	005	Our Daily Lead
	Res Lead	(13)	007	Plucky Lead
_	Sync	(7)	008	Dirty Wheels
	Brass	(1)		
	Horn	(2)		
	Instruments	-		
	Evolution	(8)		
42	Motion	(16)		
·	Interval	(6)		
	Synth	(4)		
	Vox	(2)		
	Bells	(1)		
	Sequence	(1)		
	Percussion	(9)		
	Model D	(1)		
	Classic	(2)		
2	Generic	-		
	Harmonics	(3)		
	Ring	(4)		
- 1	Noise	(1)		
	Soft Bass	(3)		
	Bright Bass	(8)		
	Res Bass	(7)		
	Sub Bass	(4)		
	Sound FX	(3)		

The currently selected (active) sound category is indicated by boldface type and a triangle to the left of the name. In the figure above, 'Bright Lead' is the active category, and it contains 8 presets. The presets in the Bright Lead category is displayed on the right.

Note: When the number of presets exceeds what can be displayed in the list window, the program will add a scroll bar to access to all presets in the list. When a scroll bar is displayed, you can navigate the list using the scroll bar/scroll arrows, mouse wheel, or the HOME, END and ARROW keys on the Mac keyboard.

You can change to a different category simply by clicking on the desired category name. In the figure below we selected the **Piano** category, which only contains one preset:

Library (Not Assigned)	-	Add Current Panel New Load Sa	ve)
▶ Piano	(1)	No.	
Organs	(3)	No. Panel	-
Strings	(3)	001 Rubbery Keys	
Clav	(2)	+	
Pads	(2)		

6.3.1 Working with Libraries

The Librarian has four buttons dedicated to Library file functions:

Add Current Panel	New)	(Load)	Save
Add Current Fanci	/ new	Louid	Jave

The Librarian's **Add Current Panel** button adds the current preset from the User Bank to the active sound category. Note that new entries are always added to the end of the list, so if you have a lot of presets in a particular category, you may have to scroll down to see the new entry.

The **New** button allows you to create a new Library. After clicking **New**, you'll see a message dialog asking if you wish to save the existing library:

Cance	NO	ОК	

Clicking the **OK** button will present you with a save dialog box that will allow you to name and save the current library to the location you specify. After saving, you will have an empty (new) Library. Clicking the **NO** button will clear the contents of the existing library (all 32 categories), leaving an empty library. Clicking the **Cancel** button will cancel the operation and return you back to the library unchanged.

The **Load** button allows you to load a library file into the program. Loading a library file is just like loading a bank file, but with a difference – library file names have the extension **.mvl**.

Note: All library files are loaded or saved as **.mvl** (Minimoog Voyager Library) files. As with bank files, Library files may be stored anywhere on your hard drive or removable media. When loading a library file, all files will be displayed, but only those with an .mvl extension will load. All other files will be ignored.

Tip: You can load a new library into an existing library to combine the presets of each. You can also combine presets from different banks using the 'Load from User Bank Data' command.

The **Save** button allows you to save the library file, displaying a dialog box that will allow you to name and save the current library to the location you specify.

6.3.2 Organizing Presets

Presets are loaded into the Library using any of the methods described in Section 6.1.5, Organizing Presets.

Note: It's a good idea to receive all data from the Voyager first before selecting **Load From User Bank Data** to insure that it corresponds to all the bank data in your Voyager.

Presets can be moved from one Librarian category to another by dragging them with your mouse. Here we are dragging the preset 'HERBY'S D6' from the active category to the **Piano** category:

►Library (Not Assigned)	(6)	+ Add Current P	anel New Load	Save)
Piano	-			~
Organs	-	No.	Panel	
Strings		001 HERBY'S	D6	
Clay	(1)	002 JAN'S HA	IMMER	
Dada	(1)	003 HIP HOP	83	
Pads	-	004 EIDST SE	VEN NICHTS	

The red category arrow is another way to move presets between categories. It works similarly to dragging, but with less mouse movement. It's also faster than dragging, and more precise. To use it, simply position the category arrow next to your desired category and click on the arrow. This action will move the selected presets from the active category to your chosen category. You move the red category arrow by clicking anywhere in the vertical space between the sound categories on the left and the preset list on the right. In this example, clicking on the arrow will move 'Jan's Hammer' from the active category to **Bright Lead** category:

Library (Not Assigned)	(5)	Add Current Pa	nel New Load Save
Piano	(1)	No	Panel
Organs	-	001 HIP HOP B	3
Claw	-	002 FIRST SEV	EN NIGHTS
Pade	(1)	003 JAN'S HAM	IMER
Soft Lead	-	004 FIRST SEV	EN NIGHTS
Bright Lead	-	005 FIRST NIC	HT SYNCED
Res Lead	_	- k	
Sunc			

As in the User Bank, you can make group and non-adjacent selections in any Library category using the SHIFT and COMMAND (%) keys. Using these modifier keys, multiple presets can be selected and moved from one category to another, or from the Library to the User Bank.

6.3.3 Copying Presets to the User Bank

To copy presets from the Library to the User Bank, you can either drag the presets using the mouse, or use the left-facing Move arrow. In the example below, clicking on the Move arrow will copy the four selected Bass presets to the current User Bank:

	Bright Bass	-	018 RICK'S CATHERINE
	Soft Bass	-	019 BILLY S DRUMMW+PEDAMOUNT 020 MOOC BASS
	Noise		021 THE FAT ONE
A	Ring		022 PUNCHER
	Harmonics	-	023 LIKE CHILDREN
	Generic	-	024 PLUCK IT !
	Classic	-	025 I AM THE BASS
	Model D	-	026 THE BIG ONE
	Percussion	-	027 FRETLESS
	Sequence	-	028 BACK TO THE ROOTS

When moving presets from the Library to the User Bank, the presets in the User Bank will be replaced by the ones from the Library and will be transmitted to the Voyager bank. A dialog box will ask you to confirm this operation:

write/	Replace 003 to 0	Presets: 07		
in th	e Voyage	er Bank?		
Cancel	NO		ОК	

Selecting **OK** will copy the presets into the User Bank and transmit them to the Voyager. Selecting **NO** will copy the presets into the User Bank without transmitting them to Voyager. Selecting **Cancel** will cancel the operation.

Moving multiple presets into the User Bank will replace the selected preset in the User Bank and the equal number of consecutive presets. Here is an example illustrating what this means:

- 1. Select Preset No 003 in the User Bank (any bank).
- 2. Select 5 non-adjacent presets from the Librarian (any category).
- 3. Drag the 5 selected Presets from the Librarian and drop them into the User Bank.
- 4. A warning dialog will be displayed like the one above. Selecting OK will copy the five presets into the User Bank replacing Presets 003 007 with the five selected Librarian presets and transmit them to the to the Voyager at the same locations. If you select NO then the presets will not be transmitted to Voyager but they will still replace Presets 003 to 007 in the User Bank. Selecting Cancel will cancel the operation.

Note: Moving a preset from the User Bank to the Librarian will not automatically assign the corresponding sound category to the preset in the User Bank (the preset's sound category in the User Bank will remain unchanged). However, if a preset moved from the Librarian to the User Bank it will include the corresponding sound category.

6.3.4 The Librarian Menu

Librarian	Midi	Options	Help	
New Lib	rary		- 7	
Load Vo Save Voy	yager F /ager Fi	ile र ile As र	æL æs	
Load Fro Add Froi	om User m Top (r Bank Data Offspring	a	
Сору		7	жc	
Paste		7	\£%∠	
Cut		7	жx	
Delete		жD		
Select Al	7	ЖA		
Rename	Panel	7	ЖN	
Rename Clear Ca Default (Catego tegory Categoi	ory ry Names		

The Librarian menu (shown on the left) includes commands that duplicate the functions of the New, Load and Save buttons mentioned above. It also includes commands to Load From User Bank Data (copies all 128 presets from the User Bank), Add From Top Offspring (copies all presets from the Preset Genetics 'Top Offspring' list into the current category) as well as commands to Copy, Paste, Cut, Delete, Select All and Rename selected presets, and commands to Rename and Clear categories, and restore the Default Category Names.

Selecting **Rename Category** (or double clicking on the triangle to the left of the category name) will create a text window allowing you to change the existing category name or enter a new one:

		2
Library (unassigned)	(127) Add Current Panel	
Piano	(1) No.	_
Lead	001 HERBY'S D6	
Bells	-	
Strings	-	

Clicking outside of the name field will enter the new name and close the text window.

Note: Default category names match the categories built into the Voyager. While you can rename a Librarian category for your own convenience, doing so WILL NOT change the category name in the Voyager - the hardware will always use the built-in categories.

Selecting **Default Category Names** will restore all category names to their default designation.

Selecting **Clear Category** will clear the contents of the selected category, leaving all other categories unaffected.

7 PROGRAM WINDOWS - THE EDITOR WINDOW

Clicking the **Edit** button on the main screen brings up the Editor window as shown below. Here you have access to every Voyager programming parameter, including those parameters that can only be accessed through the Voyager's menus (Filter Poles, Pot Mapping, Touch Surface control assignments, Keyboard and Trigger Modes, and Pitch Bend Amount). The Editor's real-time controls allow you to tweak and audition the sound of your presets right from your Macintosh.

Slider controls are used in the Editor window to display the functional equivalent of the Voyager knobs (knobs take up too much space to be practical here). Adjusting any on-screen control transmits that control change to the Voyager, instantly updating the Voyager's sound.

Note: In addition to having any on-screen control update the Voyager, adjusting any Voyager control updates the onscreen display, so you can actually use the Voyager's controls AND the Editor parameters simultaneously for the ultimate in Voyager preset development!



7.1 Parameter Resolution in the Editor

The Editor window can display the Voyager's parameters in either 8-bit or 16-bit resolution. You select the bit value from the Editor's **Options** menu:



When **8 BIT** is selected, the Editor will display all parameters values in 8-bit resolution (value range 0 - 255). When **16 BIT** is selected, the Editor will display all parameter values in 16-bit resolution (value range 0 - 65535).

7.2 Editing Preset Parameters

Preset parameters are adjusted in the Editor window in several ways:

- Switches Clicking on a switch toggles it ON or OFF.
- Sliders Move a slider by clicking and dragging it in the desired direction. You can get finer control by placing the mouse cursor in the slider channel and clicking. This will increase or decrease the parameter value by 1 for each click. When 16-bit data values are displayed, it will take many clicks to register a change. When 8-bit data values are displayed, each click will change the value by 1.
- Slider data values can also be adjusted by clicking on the value and manually entering a new value:



Note: For 8-bit resolution, valid data values are 0-255. For 16-bit resolution, valid data values are 0-65535. If you type in a value outside of these ranges, it will be ignored.

- Pull-down menus Click to pull down a menu in the Editor window. Menu selections are made by doubleclicking on a menu item. This action will select that item and close the menu.
- Parameter groups You can copy a complete parameter group from one preset to another. Click on a
 parameter group label (LFO, Mod Busses, Oscillators, Mixer, Filters, Envelopes, Pot Map or Touch
 Surface) to get a pop-up menu. Select COPY to copy the parameters, and PASTE to paste the
 parameters. The example shown below is the result of clicking the Envelope parameter group bar:



Presets can be auditioned in the Editor window by clicking on the piano keyboard at the bottom of the window. To the right of the piano keyboard are the Pitch and Mod wheels. You'll find that the Editor's on-screen Pitch Bend and Mod wheels work just like the real thing; the Pitch Bend wheel springs back to its center position when released, but the Mod wheel stays put when you adjust it.

Above the Editor keyboard, and to the left of the Preset Name field is an Auto Dump LED button:



Auto Dump is a feature that resynchronizes the Editor with the Voyager if the MIDI connection between the Voyager and the Editor is interrupted, either accidentally or intentionally. When enabled, the Editor periodically requests the edited preset from the Voyager (you will see the Voyager's MIDI LED will flash periodically when Auto Dump is selected). A complete preset update is sent with each request.

You can safely keep Auto Dump disabled and enable it if you ever lose the connection between the Voyager and the Editor during an editing session.

7.3 Writing Presets to the Voyager

The Editor's **Write** command allows you to save an edited preset to the Voyager. The command is located under the **Edit** menu:

Edit	Midi	Gene
Cop	у	жc
Pas	te	жv
Ren	Rename	
Write 🕟		жw
Initialize		жı

Selecting **Write** brings up a dialog box as shown:

•••	Write Panel
Destinat	ion:
USER BA	NK: A B C D E F G
E-001	CLASSIC MINI
E-002	HAMMER'S PULSE
E-003	GEORGE'S NARROW PULSE Cancel
E-004	STEVE'S WINWOOD
E-006	IOE'S 2600
	11

Choose a destination (bank and location) and click OK to store the preset. Click Cancel to cancel the operation.

7.4 Other Edit Menu Commands

The Editor's **Edit** menu also contains commands to **Copy**, **Paste**, **Rename** and **Initialize** the current preset. Although largely self-explanatory, here's what they do:

The **Copy** command copies all parameters for the current preset.

The **Paste** command pastes all copied parameters to the current preset.

The Initialization command will initialize the current preset to default parameters.

The **Rename** command allows you to change or rename the current preset. When **Rename** is selected, you will be presented with a message dialog window as shown:



Clicking in the name field allows you to change the preset name up to a maximum of 24 characters (12 per line). Additional characters will be ignored. Clicking **OK** will store the change and close the dialog box. Clicking **Cancel** will close the dialog box without changes.

Note: You can also bring up the Rename window by double-clicking in the preset name window in the Editor.

Clicking on the category field in the preset name window brings up a menu of sound categories, allowing you to assign a category from one of the 32 available:

Auto Dump E-001 CLASS	DUAL LOWPASS
KEYBOARD MODE Last Key TRIGGER MODE Single Trigger PITCH BEND AMOUNT + / - 2 Semitones ON	1 Not Assigned - 2 - Piano 3 - Organs 4 - Strings 5 - Clav 6 - Pads 7 - Soft Lead 8 - Bright Lead

All edits made in the Editor window (parameters, name and categories) affect the preset in the Voyager's EDIT buffer. Since the EDIT buffer is temporary, the preset will have to be stored using the **WRITE** command if you wish to keep it.

7.5 Show Voyager Panel

The Editor's **Options** menu contains a command to display the Voyager's panel settings:



When **Show Moog** is selected, the Voyager Panel is displayed as a moveable window. The panel automatically updates to show all of the Editor settings. As you make changes in the Editor window, you will see these changes reflected on the Voyager Panel. To close the Voyager panel window, click on the button in the upper left corner of the panel. The panel will also close automatically when you leave the Editor.



7.6 Exiting the Editor

To exit the Editor, click the red 'X" button in the upper left corner of the Editor window, or use the **Close** command in the **File** menu. Upon exiting the Editor window, you will return to the main window.



Note: You must exit the Editor window before you can quit the Voyager Editor program.

8 PROGRAM WINDOWS - THE NANOM WINDOW

The NanoM window is selected from the **Generator** menu in the **Editor** window. NanoM allows you to adjust the amounts of selected parameter groups using random values. There is also a function that allows you to morph the current sound into the selected Editor preset.



The selected parameter groups are LFO, Modulation Busses, Oscillators, Mixer, Filter and Envelopes. Adjusting the slider for any of these parameter groups generates random values for those parameters. The results of these parameter group changes are sent to the Voyager for audition and displayed automatically in the Editor. If you wish to keep the newly created preset sound, press the **Keep** button. This will place the newly created preset in the Editor.

The Morpher function allows you to morph between the current preset and a selected preset. This function is similar to the Morph function found in the Preset Genetics window. To select a preset, use the bank button to select a bank:



then use the pulldown menu to select a preset from that bank:

LFO	MODULATION BUSS	ES OSCILLATORS
		001 Glide Lead 002 Chiffy Lead
MIXER	FILTERS	003 Brassy Lead
		004 Robo Vox 005 Growing Lead
	MORPHER	006 X-tra low Bass
	Morph To -> D	✓ 008 Hollow Bass
Ť	Ŭ	009 Brain Salad Buzz
		011 Cycler mod (wheel up) 012 Wetness (wheel up)

With a preset selected, the Morpher slider will allow you to morph between the selected preset and the current preset in the Editor, and audition the sound at any point. The current Editor preset is positioned at 0% (slider at far left) and the selected preset at 100% (slider at far right). The 'smoothness' of the transition from 0% to 100% is highly dependent on the choice of presets. Compatible sounds tend to transition smoother than contrasting sounds, but possibilities for new sound combinations exist at every point. Experimentation is encouraged.

Note: As you morph between the two presets with the Morpher slider, you will notice that the preset name in the Editor (and the Voyager's LCD) changes. This is normal, as the program is morphing the names of the presets along with the parameters. The current preset name is displayed at slider position 0%(far left), and the selected preset name is displayed at slider position 100% (far right). Values in between will scramble the name.

The **Cancel** button closes the nanoM window.

Note: You must close the nanoM window to order to return to Editor program.

9 PROGRAM WINDOWS - THE PRESET GENETICS WINDOW

The Preset Genetics window is selected from the **Options** menu of the main page, or from the **Editor** window under the **Generator** menu. Preset Genetics allows you to quickly build new sounds from two existing ones in a similar fashion to breeding. Parameters of each of the two sources (parents) are combined using four different functions to generate a new bank of presets (kids).

A view of the Preset Genetics window is shown below. The two source banks (parent banks, also called mommy and daddy) are located in the upper left, along with buttons for the four different genetics functions. The generated bank (kids) and the top offspring bank are located in the lower left. On the right is a scrollable filters window that allows user-selected parameters to be excluded from the genetics function. Directly below the filters window is a single parameter adjustment function that permits you to change one of the preset parameters for an entire Voyager bank.

Both parent banks use the presets from the User Bank, and these banks will automatically load when the Preset Genetics window is opened. Any pair of the 128 available presets can be used for the genetics functions (one each from mother and father). The result of applying the user-selected genetics functions creates the child bank, and any 'keepers' auditioned from the child bank can then be moved into the top offspring bank.



The four Preset Genetics functions are:

Mix: The parameters of each child preset are randomly chosen from either a parameter from the mother or father source. For example, if the mother's cutoff frequency was 10 and the father's was 88, the child's value would only be 10 or 88.

Morph: The value of each parameter is linearly interpolated from one parent to the other. The first child is identical to the mother; the last child is identical to the father. All others are weighted towards each parent depending on their placement within the list. The middle child preset is exactly 1/2 mother and 1/2 father.

Mutate: The parameter values of each child preset are randomly chosen from within the range between each parent's parameter. For example, if the mother's cutoff frequency was 10 and the father's was 88, the child values would be anywhere between 10 and 88.

Random: The value of each parameter of each child is produced by a random number from within the min/max Voyager parameter range.

Note: Experimentation by using vastly different parents and similar parents creates the most interesting results. You can also 'interbreed' the child patches, too. In addition, you can set filters to excluded parameters that will not take a part in the generation of new offspring. Experiment and have fun!

Note: Preset names in the Kids bank also become scrambled or rearranged when you use the Genetics functions. This is normal. You can prevent preset names from changing by checking the **Name** box under 'Exclude Preset Parameters'. When the **Name** box is checked, all preset names in the generated Kid's bank will assume the selected preset name from the Mommy bank.

The **Auto Audition** checkbox enables automatic transfer of the selected presets from the mother, father, kids or top offspring banks to the Voyager's edit buffer. When the **Auto Audition** checkbox is unchecked (disabled), no data is transmitted to the Voyager.

The **Edit** button brings up the Editor window, permitting on-screen editing of the selected preset from the mother, father, kids or top offspring banks. The **Auto Audition** button must be checked for the Editor to correctly display the selected preset in the Genetics window.

The **Reset** button resets all selections made under the 'Exclude Preset Parameters' section. When the Reset button is clicked, any checked selections become unchecked.

9.1 Single Parameter Adjustment

This function allows you to change one of the preset parameters for an entire Voyager bank. It works similar to the Single Parameter Adjustment in the User Bank. Simply select the desired parameter from the pull-down menu:

✓ 000 Pot Map 1 Src	Osc. 3 Level
001 Pot Map 1 Dst	T
002 Pot Map 1 dir	► OK
003 Pot Map 1 amt	
004 Pot Map 2 Src	
005 Pot Map 2dir	
006 Pot Map 2Dst	
007 Pot Map 2amt	

and use the slider control to set the desired value:

Single Para	meter Ad	ljustment:		
045 Master V	olume	;	199	
4 F (R)41	ОК	///

When you click **OK**, a new Kids bank is generated from the Mommy bank. Every preset in the Kids bank now contains the newly modified parameter. To save the change, **select Replace Voyager Bank with the Kids Bank** from the **FILE** menu. Clicking **OK** will send the Kids bank to the Voyager. Clicking **No** will not update the Voyager bank, but will update the Mommy bank with the changes, allowing you to make additional changes if desired.

Note: Numerical values for Single Parameter Adjustment are displayed as 8-bit values (0-255) when the Editor Parameter Resolution is set to 8-bit resolution. Numerical values are displayed as 16-bit values (0-65535) when the Editor Parameter Resolution is set to 16-bit resolution.

9.2 Moving Genetics Presets

Presets created in the Genetics window can be moved in several ways:

- Selected presets can be dragged from either the **Top Offspring** or **Kids** bank directly into any Librarian category.
- Selected presets can be dragged from either the **Top Offspring** or **Kids** bank directly into the User Bank. When dragging a preset to the User Bank, a message dialog will be displayed asking if you also want to write the preset to the Voyager's bank:



Clicking **OK** will send the Top Offspring or Kids preset to the Voyager. Selecting **No** will not update the Voyager bank, but will update the Users Bank with the change. Selecting **Cancel** will cancel the operation.

Note: The Preset Genetics module does not support the same multiple selection options as the Librarian and User Banks (i.e. the SHIFT and COMMAND keys have no function).

9.3 The Preset Genetics Menus

The File menu contains commands to manipulate the banks and files in the Preset Genetics window:

File	Mommy	Daddy	
Sav	e Top OffS	pring As Library File	жs
Pas	te Top Off	spring To Library	\%∑∕
Cle	ar Top Off	spring	
Ref	resh Paren	t Banks	
Rep	place Voyag	ger Bank with The Kids	Bank
Clo	se		жw

Save Top Offspring As Library File permits saving the complete Top Offspring bank as a separate library file, regardless of the number of presets in the bank.

Paste Top Offspring To Library will copy the contents of the Top Offspring bank to the Librarian, pasting the presets into the end of the Library (unassigned) category.

The **Clear Top Offspring** command will delete all entries in the Top Offspring bank, while leaving the parent and child banks undisturbed.

Refresh Parent Banks will copy the current contents of each selected bank into each parent bank. For example, if Mommy is the A bank, and Daddy is the B bank, selecting **Refresh Parent Banks** will place the current contents of the A bank into the Mommy, and the current contents of the B bank into the Daddy.

The **Replace Voyager Bank with the Kids Bank** command will replace the contents of the User Bank with the modified presets in the Kids Bank. When using this function you will be presented with an option to send this bank to the Voyager. This function will also replace the Mommy bank, allowing you to continue modifying other preset parameters.

The **Close** command will close the Preset Genetics window and return you to the main window. Alternatively, you can also click the red button in the upper left corner.

The **Mommy** and **Daddy** menus allow you to independently select any of the seven banks for the genetics function as shown:

lommy	Daddy	Daddy
Bank A		Bank A
Bank B		🛛 🛛 🗛 Bank B
Bank C		Bank C
Bank D		Bank D
Bank E	a.	Bank E
Bank F		Bank F
Bank G		Bank G

10 OTHER PROGRAM FUNCTIONS

10.1 Updating the Voyager Operating System

First make certain that MIDI connections are established and the correct MIDI Out port is selected (See MIDI Setup, page 6). To update the Voyager's OS, you use the update function located in the Moog Voyager menu:

Moog Voyager	Bank	Librarian
About		
Moog Voyager (OS Upd	ate 📐
Preferences		ж,*
Services		•
Hide Moog Voya	ager	жн
Hide Others		1%J
Show All		
Quit Moog Voya	ger	χQ

The file dialog will prompt you to open a System Exclusive file (.syx) containing the software update. You will need to locate and select the update file. When you open the file, the following message box will appear:

Loaded Sysex: 374	59 bytes.
Packet size 256	
4 ()))	Cancel Start

Note: Some MIDI interfaces use different buffer sizes (normally between 128-65535 bytes), which could result in buffer errors when large messages like the OS update are transferred. To compensate for this, the transmitted packet size can be adjusted here to a higher or lower value. By changing the packet size, large SysEx messages can be converted into more manageable pieces for data transfer. <u>The packet size should be only adjusted if the Voyager reports a checksum error after the SysEx transfer is completed.</u>

Now set up the Voyager to receive the update:

- 1. Press the MASTER button on the Voyager and scroll down to select "Receive Update"
- 2. Press the ENTER button and the following message on the Voyager's LCD will appear:

This will delete the Operating System! Are you SURE? YES / NO

3. Use the Cursor button to select YES and press the Enter button. The Voyager is now ready to receive the update files.

Back in the Editor, click the onscreen **Start** button, and wait while the data is being transferred. <u>Do not turn off the</u> <u>power and do not use any other Editor controls while sending the update</u>. The Voyager OS update usually contains three SysEx bank files. After the first file is transferred, repeat the procedure for the remaining files. Refer to the OS update documentation for full details on the update procedure.

10.2 Playing from the Computer Keyboard

You can audit Voyager sounds using your computer's keyboard to play notes. The middle and bottom rows of computer keys act as a single octave of keys mapped like a piano keyboard. You can use these keys to remotely play notes on the Voyager:



Each key press generates a MIDI Note ON message corresponding to the note as specified. When the key is released, a MIDI Note OFF message is sent. You will see the Voyager's MIDI LED blink as these commands are sent, and the Voyager will play the corresponding note.

Note: This feature works in all windows, allowing you to audition Voyager sounds at any time. Note that the CAPS LOCK key must not be ON, as only lower case letters send MIDI note data. You can use the CAPS LOCK key to temporarily turn off remote playing if desired.

Two keys are programmed to adjust octaves (increment/decrement):

```
"o" – Octave down (-1)
"p" – Octave up (+1)
```

Octave switching ranges from –2 to +8 (ten octaves). When the octave switching keys are pressed, a pop-up window briefly appears showing the change:



Tip: You can sustain a note by pressing down a "note" key and while it is depressed, press an "octave" key. A MIDI Note ON command will be sent without a corresponding MIDI Note OFF, causing a sustained, or 'stuck' note. To un-stick the note, press the Space Bar. The Space Bar will send an 'All Notes Off' command that shuts off all MIDI notes. Two keys are programmed to adjust note velocity (increment/decrement):

"u" – Note velocity decrease (-5)

"i" – Note velocity increases (+5)

Note velocities can be set from 0 to 125 in increments of 5. A note velocity of 0 is the equivalent of no note played. When the velocity switching keys are pressed, a pop-up window briefly appears showing the change:



011 Cloofic 003 012 Olaof c 001 013 C 014 C 015 C 016 C 017 C 018 C



11 SHORTCUTS & KEY COMMANDS

Most of the menus in the Minimoog Voyager Editor Librarian have key command shortcuts for certain items on the menus. A key command shortcut is a combination of one or more modifier keys and an alphanumeric key. Modifier keys used in this program are the OPTION key (\mathcal{T}) and COMMAND key (\mathfrak{R}).

Note: The COMMAND key is also known as the Cloverleaf key, or Apple key.

Here is the list of shortcut commands found in the menus:

MAIN WINDOW		EDIT WINDO	W	GENETIC	S WINDOW
Moog Voyager menu:		Moog Voyag	ger menu:	Moog Voy	ager menu:
ЖН	Hide Moog Voyager	ЖH	Hide Moog Voyager	ЖH	Hide Moog Voyager
∕⊂жн	Hide Others	∕сжн	Hide Others	₩Ъ	Hide Others
ЖQ	Quit	ЖQ	Quit	ЖQ	Quit
Bank men	u:	File menu:		File menu	:
ЖL	Load User Bank Data	ЖЕ	Close	ЖS	Save Top Offspring
ЖS	Save User Bank Data	Edit menu:		жv	Paste Top Offspring
жс	Сору	жс	Сору	жw	Close
жv	Paste	жv	Paste		
ЖN	Rename	ЖR	Rename		
% I	Initialize	жw	Write		
Librarian menu:		H	Initialize		
て 業 L Load Voyager File		MIDI menu:			
∖⊂⊯ S	Save Voyage File As	жU	Receive Current Panel		
∕сжс	Сору	ЖM	MIDI Setup		
ΛжЛ	Paste	Generator m	nenu:		
ҠЖХ	Cut	ЖG	Preset Genetics		
ЖD	Delete				
ҠжА	Select All				
~CℋΝ	Rename Panel				
MIDI menu	:				
ЖM	Midi Setup				
ЖR	Receive User Bank				
ЖТ	Transmit User Bank				
жU	Receive Preset Sound				
Options m	enu:				
ЖG	Preset Genetics				

APPENDIX A – OSX AUDIO MIDI SETUP PROCEDURE

Steps 1 through 4 should only be necessary if you are setting up a MIDI interface for the first time, or if you are connecting to a new MIDI interface. Some MIDI interfaces may require additional connection setup. Refer to the manufacturers instructions for details. The OSX Audio MIDI setup can also be used to connect external keyboard controller to route and play notes on your Voyager/RME.

Step by step OSX MIDI setup:

1. If you are installing a MIDI interface for the first time, or if you are connecting to a new interface, follow the manufacturer's recommended installation procedure for guidelines on the installation process. This will generally mean either installing an internal MIDI interface board into the Macintosh chassis, or simply connecting an external USB or Firewire MIDI interface, then installing the driver software.

2. Upon completing step 1, reboot the computer (or power ON) and open "Audio MIDI Setup" (found in Applications/Utilities/Audio MIDI Setup). You can also use the Finder to search for "Audio MIDI Setup".

3. In the Audio MIDI Setup window, select the MIDI Devices tab below the title bar. You should now see an icon for your new MIDI interface. In this example, we are adding an M-Audio MIDI Sport 1x1 USB interface. (Note: Depending on your Mac OS version, the Audio MIDI Setup window may look slightly different from the one shown below)



4. Click on the 'Show Info' icon to reveal the Properties window for the new interface. In the Properties window, click on the 'More Information' arrow to expand the window. Enter the desired Name, Port and MIDI information in the proper fields (this will depend on your setup) and click the APPLY button.

000	Audio	Audio MIDI S Devices	etup ICI Devices			
View Ison Size	Uno MICI Sport	Add Device	Anners Derice	(m.) Show info	Tester WO	Text Server
MC Driver	Delta Audiophile 2496	1x1 [mms	1x1 Proper	Ues		
			Device Name	1+1		-
			Manufacturer	M-Audio		
			Model	USE MIDI		
	_			Device		_
	Openito	n Browner		1	less Informat	tion 🔺
			Properties	Ports -		
	Parts Port 1	t ap the MDI de los, then indicate	iot's part structure the number of MD	hers. First, s file and out of Connectors MED	et the number of prestors for each s for Port 1:	l ports di port.
		Add Fort				Acoly_)

5. Click on the 'ADD DEVICES' icon You will see a 'new external device' icon added to the MIDI Setup window:

	(Audio MIDI Setus Audio Devices MIDI Devices					
	Une MIDI Sport	۲				The second	-
Vew licer Side	Cartiguizion		Add Device	Annova Deves	show into	Reaction Million	Test Setup
IAC Driver	Delta Audiophile	2496	Del Del				
	- NA		N/A				
		_	T				
			nim				
		now et	sternal devis				

6. Click on the 'Show Info' button to rename the new external device. Here we are entering the Minimoog Voyager information into the name fields. In this window you can also select a new display icon, change the icon color, and specify MIDI transmit and receive channels and MIDI clock options. When finished, click the APPLY button and close the Properties window by clicking on the red close button in the upper right corner:

000		Au Audio De	dio MIDI Se vices M	etup IDI Devices			
	Audiophile 2496	:				7	A.
View Icon Size	Configuration		Add Device	Remove Device	Show Info	Rescan MIDI	Test 5
IAC Driver	Delta Audiophile 24	496	1x1	MIDI Sport			
R			8	*****			
				YA			
9_1 ¹ /	000	Minir	noog Voya	ger Propertie	5		
			Device Nar	ne Minimor	og Voyager		
	fift was an		Manufactu	rer Moog		•	
		Ш	Model	Voyager	Performer	•	
	Open Icon Brow	ser			More Inform	nation 💌	
					Revert) (Apply	
		_	_	_	_		1

7. Connect the Voyager icon to the MIDI interface icon by dragging the in/out arrows as shown:



8. Close the Audio MIDI Setup window, launch the Voyager Editor software, then open MIDI Setup and follow the instructions as described in Section 4 – Getting Connected – MIDI Setup:

00	Midi Setup	
Delta Audiophile 24	Midi IN Port 96:Delta Audiophile 2496:Port 1	Midi Channel: Channel 1
		Piano Note Velocity:
Delta Audiophile 249 USB MIDI:Port 1	Midi OUT Port 96:Delta Audiophile 2496:Port 1	10
Midi System:		
1. Some Midi Interfa	ces require connections made in Utilities/Audio	oMidiStup
2. Make sure MASTE	R setting Midi IN/OUT and Receive Presets- is S	SYSEX enabled.
3. When requesting	and receiving data from Voyager, make sure th	e synth is NOT in the MASTER edit mod

APPENDIX B – VOYAGER CATEGORY DESCRIPTIONS

Here are the official Voyager sound category descriptions from Moog Music:

1. Not assigned	Category not assigned.
2. Piano	A sound like a piano (acoustic or electric), generally percussive in nature
3. Organs	A sustained tone with an organ-like timbre
4. Strings	A sustained tone with a string-like timbre
5. Clav	A decaying tone with a timbre like a clavinet or harpsichord
6. Pads	A sustained tone with a mellow timbre
7. Soft Lead	A mellow lead sound
8. Bright Lead	A bright lead sound
9. Res Lead	A lead sound with a strong resonant character
10. Sync	Sounds featuring oscillator synchronization
11. Brass	An ensemble of horns, i.e. a brass section
12. Horn	A sustained tone with a horn-like timbre
13. Instruments	Sounds that imitate traditional instruments
14. Evolution	A sound that evolves over the duration of the note
15. Motion	A sound having an animated quality
16. Interval	Sounds that feature 2 or 3 note intervals (4ths, 5ths, chords, etc.)
17. Synth	A sound best described as typical of that produced by a synthesizer
18. Vox	A sound like the human voice, or one emulating vowel sounds
19. Bells	A sound with a bell-like timbre
20. Sequence	A short percussive sound appropriate for sequences
21. Percussion	Any type of drum or percussion sound as found in a drum kit or percussion instrument
22. Model D	A sound emulative of a Minimoog Model D
23. Classic	A sound emulative of a Modular System, PolyMoog, Taurus bass pedals, or other vintage synth. Also, any sound having an enduring or revered quality.
24. Generic	A basic sound, often used as a starting point for sound development

Voyager Sound Categories (con't)

25. Harmonics	Sounds with a strong resonant character
26. Ring	A sound with a strong ring modulation character
27. Noise	An un-pitched sound (like white noise), or an extremely distorted or clangorous sound
28. Soft Bass	A mellow bass sound
29. Bright Bass	A bright bass sound
30. Res Bass	A bass sound with a strong resonant character
31. Sub Bass	A very low bass
32. Sound FX	Sound effects